IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RESOLUTION UNSCR 1540 (2004) IN AFRICA Challenges and Prospects

Pretoria
25 August 2015

Raphael Prenat
Group of Experts
Supporting the 1540 Committee

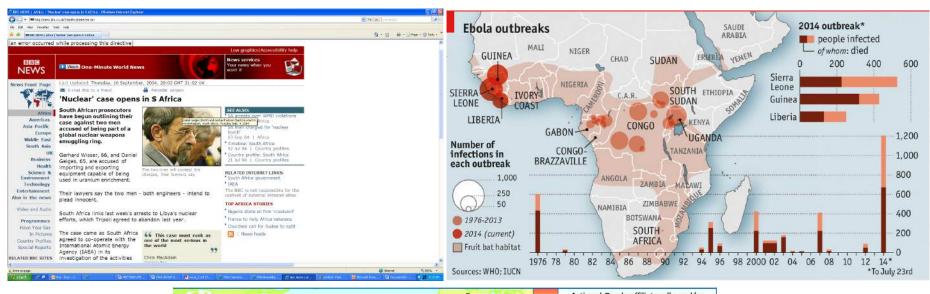
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AFRICA RISES ON THE INTERNATIONAL SECURITY AGENDA



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SOME EVENTS OF CONCERN

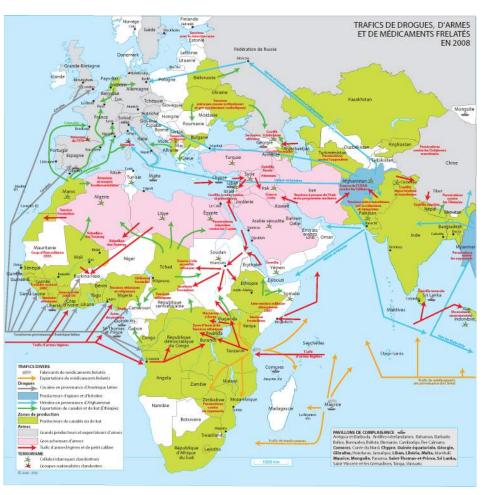


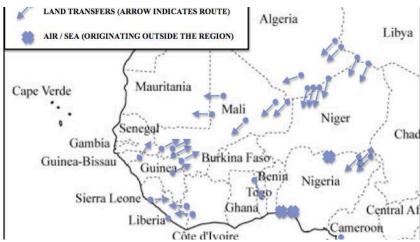




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MAJOR ROUTES OF ILLICIT TRAFFIC







São Tomé and Principe

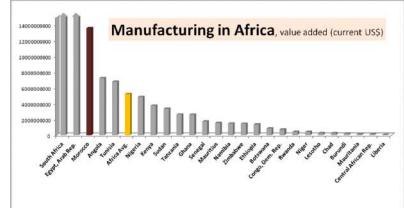
AHEAD LIE OPPORTUNITIES FOR AFRICA



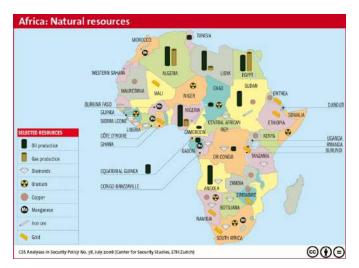
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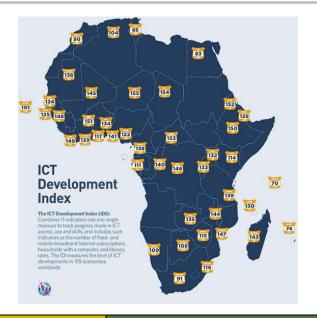
DIVERSE OPPORTUNITIES











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RESOLUTION 1540 (2004)



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1540 OBLIGATIONS

KEY OBLIGATIONS

- OP1: REFRAIN FROM PROVIDING SUPPORT TO NON-STATE ACTORS
- OP2: ADOPT AND ENFORCE EFFECTIVE LAWS WHICH PROHIBIT NON-STATE ACTORS, INCLUDING ACTING AS AN ACCOMPLICE, OR TO ASSIST OR TO FINANCE
- OP3: DOMESTIC CONTROLS TO PREVENT PROLIFERATION
 - OP3 (A-D): CONTROLS OVER RELATED
 MATERIALS IN THE AREAS OF ACCOUNTING /
 SECURING, PHYSICAL PROTECTION, BORDER
 AND LAW ENFORCEMENT, EXPORT AND
 TRANSSHIPMENT

FOCUS AREAS

- NUCLEAR, CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS AND MEANS OF DELIVERY
- DEVELOP
- ACQUIRE
- MANUFACTURE
- POSSESS
- TRANSPORT
- TRANSFER
- USE

DEFINITIONS

- MEANS OF DELIVERY (missiles, rockets, unmanned systems)
- NON-STATE ACTOR (not under lawful authority of State)
- RELATED MATERIALS (materials, equipment, technology)

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1540 OBLIGATIONS

OTHER DECISIONS

- OP4: ESTABLISHMENT OF 1540 COMMITTEE AND CALLS UPON STATES TO PRESENT FIRST REPORT ON STEPS TAKEN OR INTEND TO TAKE
- OP5: NO CONFLICT WITH OR ALTER RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS: NPT, CWC, BWC, IAEA, OPCW

OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

- OP6: CONTROL LISTS, RECOGNIZES THEIR UTILITY CALLS FOR THEIR DEVELOPMENT
- OP7: ASSISTANCE, RECOGNIZES IT MAY BE REQUIRED AND INVITES STATES TO OFFER ASSISTANCE IN RESPONSE TO REQUESTS
- OP8: STRENGTHEN MULTILATERAL TREATIES, COMPLIANCE, COOPERATION AND INFORM INDUSTRY AND PUBLIC
- OP9: PROMOTION OF DIALOGUE AND COOPERATION ON NON-PROLIFERATION
- OP10: TAKE COOPERATIVE ACTION TO PREVENT ILLICIT TRAFFICKING

UN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 1540 (2004)

The resolution specifies the obligations relating to *what* States have to do, but not *how* to do it

Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)

THE 1540 COMMITTEE



Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)

1540 COMMITTEE

- Not a sanctions committee. Does not investigate or prosecute alleged violations of non-proliferations obligations
- Cooperative and transparent approach to facilitate implementation of the resolution
- Working methodology: annual programme of work, annual review, comprehensive review every five years and working groups
- Assisted by group of up to nine experts
- Department of Political Affairs (DPA) serve as the Secretariat to the Committee. The Office for Disarmament Affairs (ODA) provides support to the Committee



Ambassador Román Oyarzun Marchesi 1540 Committee Chair

National Implementation

Assistance

Cooperation

Transparency & Outreach

Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)

WHO ARE THE EXPERTS?

A group of nine experts appointed by the Secretary-General who:

- Directly support the Chair and members of the 1540 Committee
- Work directly with States as requested
- Work directly with international organizations (regional and professional)
- Conduct and support outreach events











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NATIONAL IMPLEMENTATION

National Re port

Sharing of Experiences

1540 Matrix



Voluntary National I mplementation Action On Plan

Dialogue with States



NIGER: 13-17 JANUARY 2014



TOGO NATIONAL ACTION PLAN: 15-16 JUNE 2015

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CHALLENGE OF THE IMPLEMENTATION IN AFRICA



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UN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 1540 (2004)

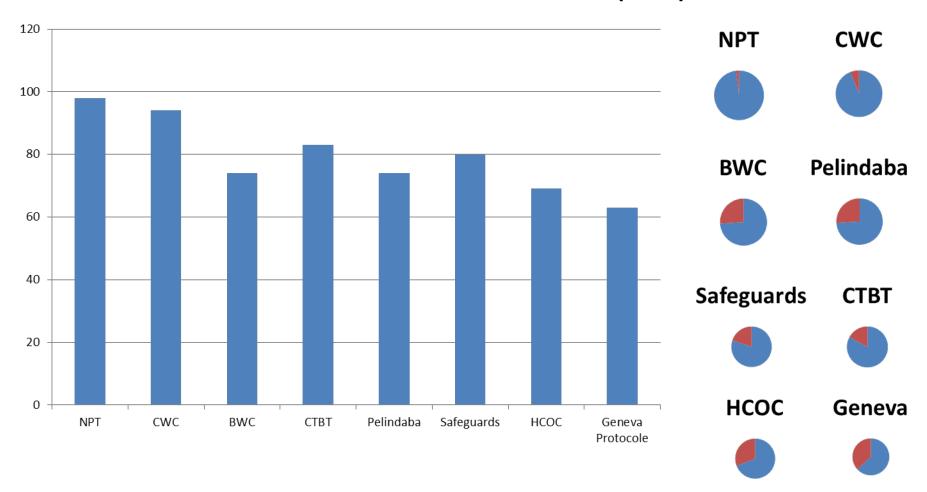
Basic obligations

1. Refrain from providing any form of support to non-state actors that attempt to develop, acquire, manufacture, posses, transport, transfer or use WMD & their means of delivery



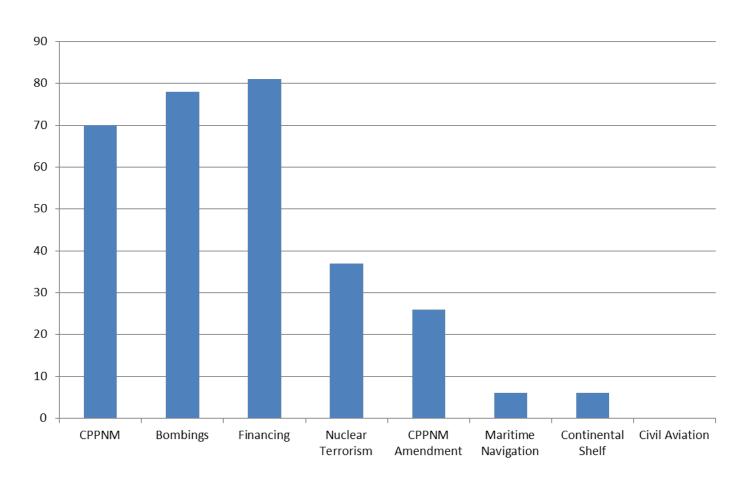
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ADHERENCE BY AFRICAN STATES TO NON-PROLIFERATION INSTRUMENTS RELEVANT TO RESOLUTION 1540 (2004)



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ADHERENCE BY AFRICAN STATES TO COUNTER TRRORISM INSTRUMENTS RELEVANT TO RESOLUTION 1540 (2004)





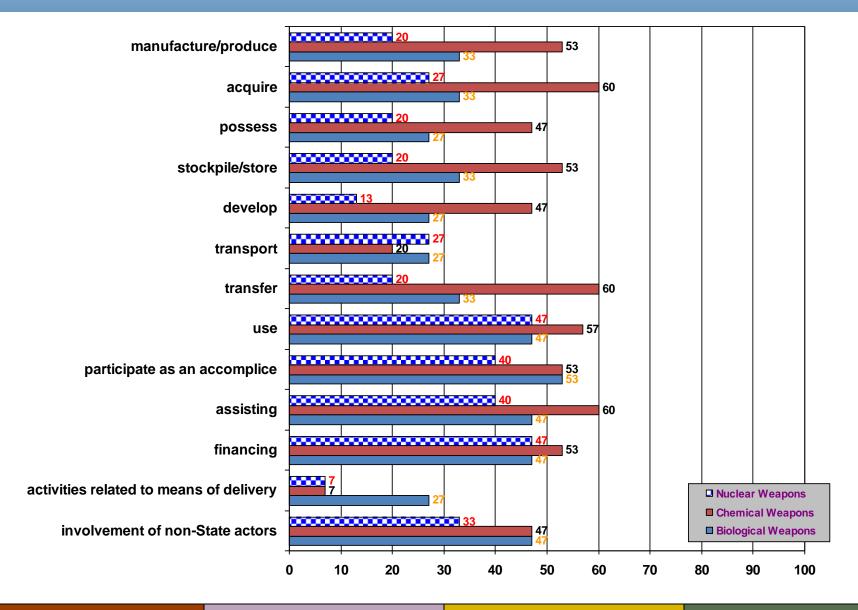
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UN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 1540 (2004)

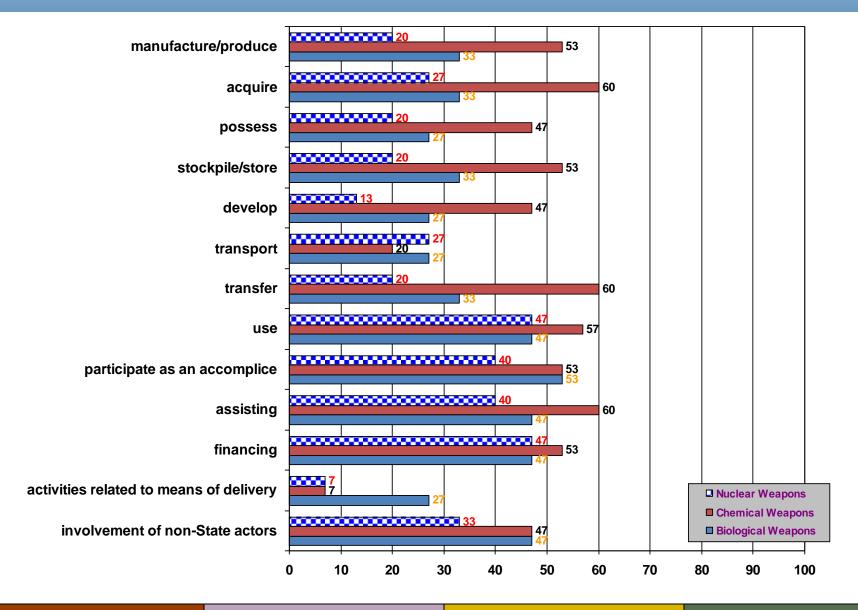
Basic obligations

2. Adopt and enforce appropriate and effective laws that prohibit any non-state actor engaging in such activities, including acting as an accomplice, or to assist or to finance

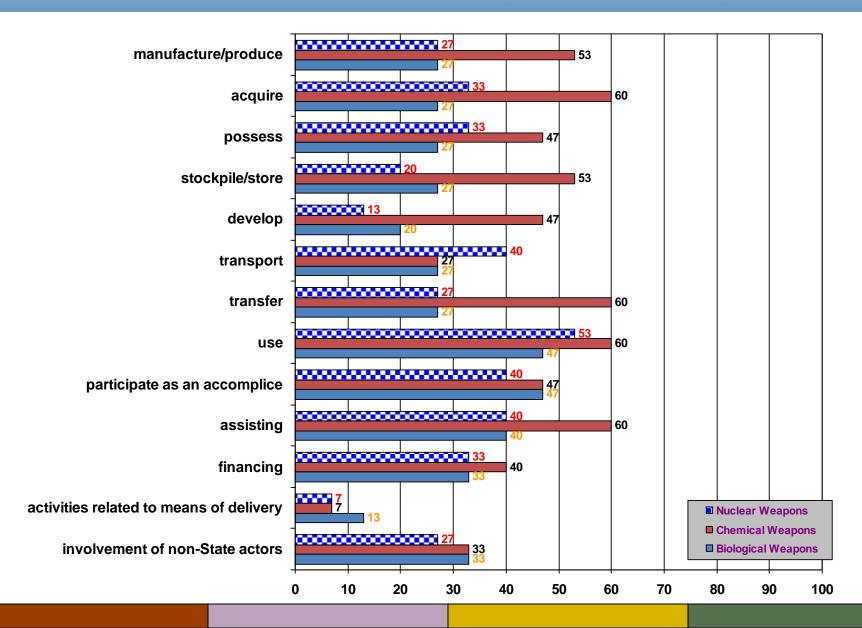














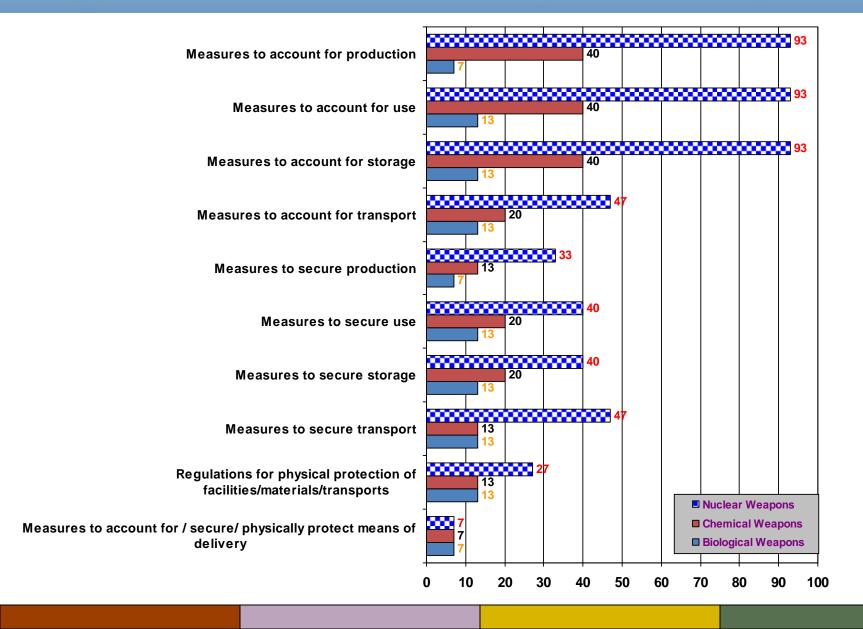
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UN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 1540 (2004)

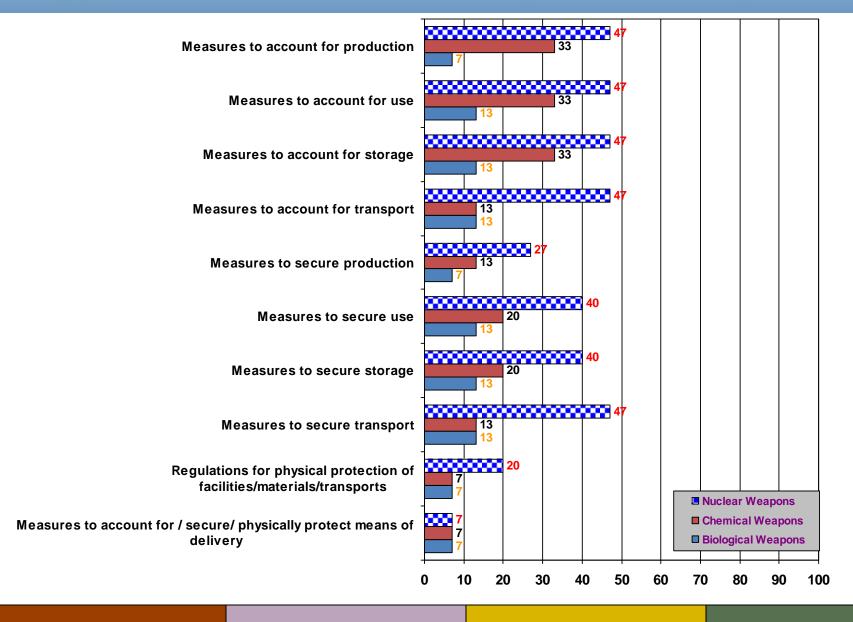
Basic obligations

3. Establish domestic controls to prevent the proliferation of these weapons, i.e. controls over related materials, measures in the areas of accounting / securing, physical protection, border and law enforcement, export and traderelated controls.

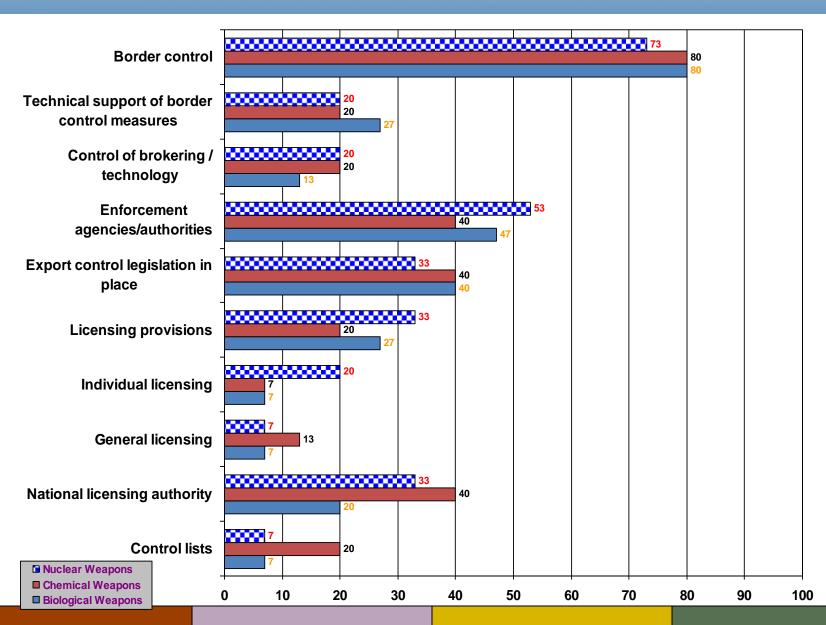




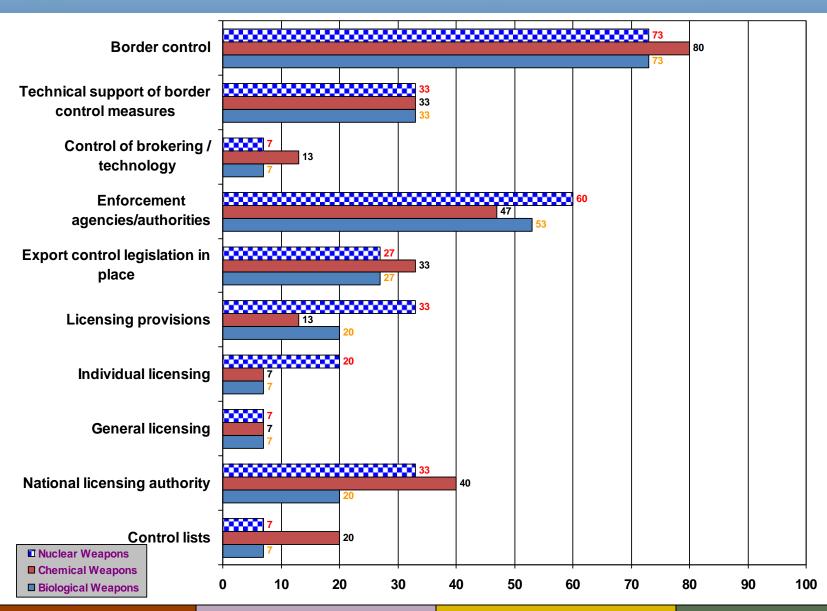


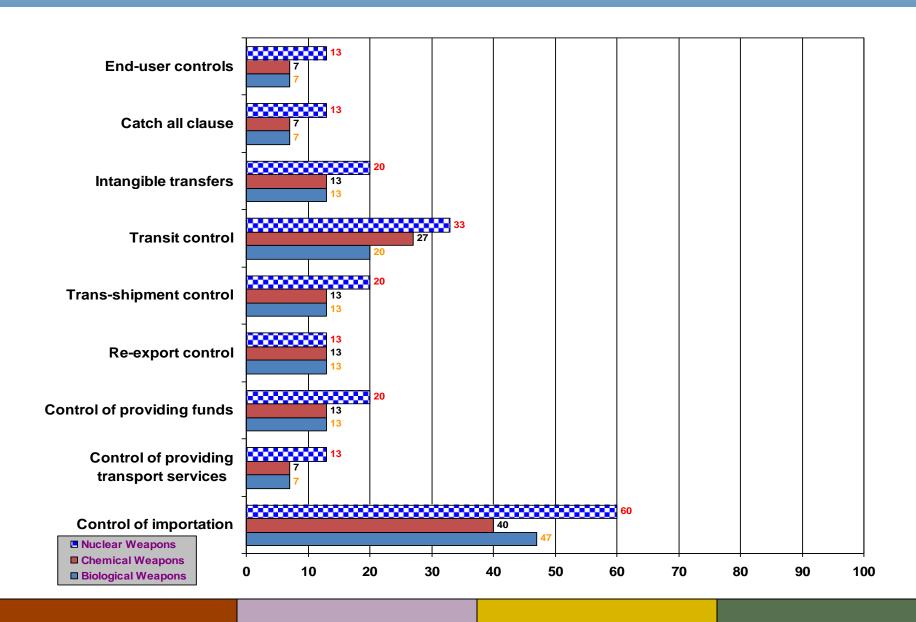




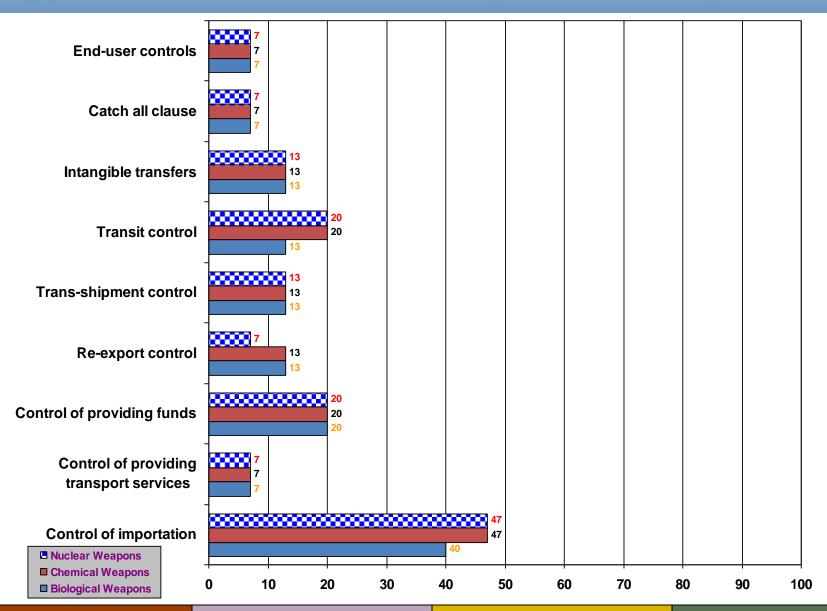








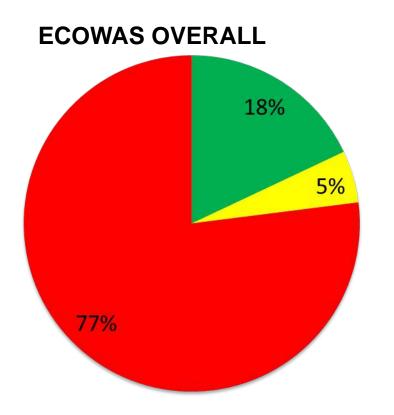


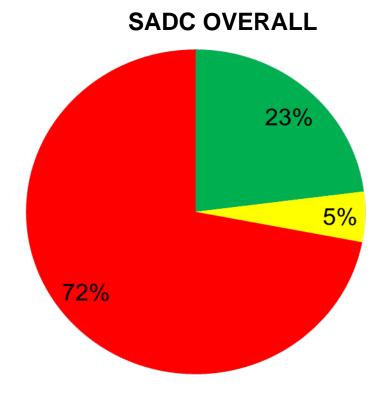




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IMPLEMENTATION OF 1540 RESOLUTION IN AFRICA









Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)

NATIONAL REPORTS

- States are called upon to submit a report on the implementation of the resolution.
- States that have submitted such reports are encouraged to provide additional information, including, voluntarily, on effective practices.
- Continuous task
- All but 18 UN Member States have submitted at least a first national report.
- Objective: universal reporting.

List of UN Member States yet to submit a first report as of August 2015

- 1. Central African Republic
- 2. Chad
- 3. Comoros
- 4. DPRK
- 5. Equatorial Guinea
- 6. Gambia
- 7. Guinea
- 8. Guinea-Bissau
- 9. Haiti
- 10. Mali
- 11. Mauritania
- 12. Mozambique
- 13. Solomon İslands
- 14. Somalia
- 15. Swaziland
- 16. Timor-Leste
- 17. Zambia
- 18. Zimbabwe



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NATIONAL IMPLEMENTATION ACTION PLANS

- States are encouraged to prepare, on a voluntary basis, national implementation action plans (NAP), mapping out their priorities and plans for implementing UNSCR 1540
- NAP has to fit national circumstances: scope, content and form vary
- Valuable to enhance inter-agency coordination for, among others, gap analysis, prioritisation, identification of assistance needs
- Niger, Senegal and Togo are the only African States to have submitted NAPs.



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1540 COMMITTEE VISITS TO STATES

- The nature of the engagement of the 1540 Committee with States has evolved, becoming more "tailored".
- Resolution 1977 (2011) encouraged the 1540 Committee to actively engage and dialogue with States on their implementation of resolution 1540, including through visits to States <u>at their invitation</u>
- The first visit to a State (United States) took place in September 2011.
- An increasing number of States have invited the 1540 Committee to make use of this "new tool".
- In 2012, visits took place to **Madagascar and the Republic of Congo**.
- During 2013, 2014 and 2015 the Committee visited Burkina Faso, Niger, Malawi and Zambia. Invitations from Mozambique and Togo have also been received.













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1540 COMMITTEE VISITS TO STATES

- The visits are an opportunity to meet 1540 Committee visits to States all relevant stakeholders involved in the implementation of resolution 1540 and to obtain first hand information on the implementation of the resolution
- During these visits representatives of the Committee and its experts meet relevant national officials, including high-level representatives.
- Visits may include site visit to ports, laboratories, as well as research institutes where nuclear and radioactive sources are used and stored.







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ASSISTANCE

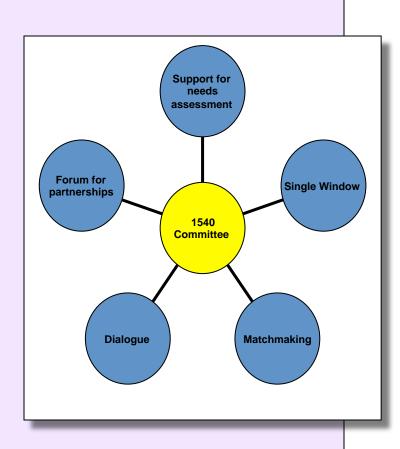
- The Security Council recognizes that some States may require assistance in implementing resolution 1540.
- It invites those in a position to do so to offer assistance.
- The 1540 Committee has a clearinghouse role to facilitate the provision of assistance by others.
- Procedures for processing requests as well as a compilation of assistance requests and offers can be found on the 1540 website.



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The Match-Making Role

- Support in identifying implementation challenges and assistance needs
- Providing a forum for the development of assistance partnerships
- Single Window for assistance requests
- "Matchmaking" by the Committee and the Group of Experts
- Dialogue with relevant International,
 Regional and Sub-regional Organisations



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CONFERENCE ON ASSISTANCE ORGANISED BY AFRICAN UNION

ASSISTANCE PROVIDERS (Countries and International Organisations) will meet ASSISTANCE REQUESTERS

FIRST HALF OF 2016

AT ADDIS ABABA



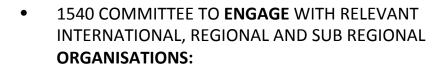
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COOPERATION













- SHARING OF EXPERIENCE, LESSONS LEARNED, EFFECTIVE PRACTICES
- ASSISTANCE PROGRAMMES
- PROMOTION OF IMPLEMENTATION



 COOPERATION WITH AL-QAIDA (1267) AND TALIBAN SANCTIONS COMMITTEE, THE COUNTER-TERRORISM COMMITTEE (CTC) (1373)





- INFORMATION SHARING
- COORDINATION ON VISITS
- TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

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Cooperation with Regional Organisations

Regional Organisations

(Illustrative list only)

- African Union (AU)
- ASEAN Regional Forum (ARF)
- Central American Integration System (SICA)
- Collective Security Treaty Organisation (CSTO)
- Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)
- European Union (EU)
- Caribbean Community (CARICOM)
- Organisation of American States (OAS)
- Organisation for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE)
- Pacific Islands Forum (PIF)
- Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO)



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TRANSPARENCY AND OUTREACH

- TRANSPARENCY MEASURES AND ACTIVITIES TO FOCUS ON:
 - WEBSITE
 - MEETINGS OPEN TO ALL MEMBER STATES
 - OUTREACH EVENTS (CONFERENCES, SEMINARS, WORKSHOPS)
 - MEDIA
 - ACADEMIA, INDUSTRY AND OTHER CIVIL SOCIETY ORGANISATIONS
 - PARLEMENTARIANS



Outreach to Civil Society

- Biosafety Associations (IFBA, Regional (e.g. AfBSA) and National Associations (e.g., ABSA)
- Industry
- Academia
- Regional and Sub-Regional Infectious Disease
 Surveillance Networks (MECIDS, MBDS, SACIDS)

Comprehensive Review - Approach

- Both retrospective and forward-looking
- Recommending specific, practical and appropriate actions to improve Implementation
- Take full account of the rapidly changing scientific, technological and commercial environment in which implementation is taking place

Comprehensive Review – Themes

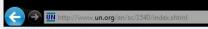
- Working Group 1 Implementation
- Working Group 2 Assistance
- Working Group 3 International Organisations
- Working Group 4 Transparency and Outreach

Comprehensive Review - Schedule

- By 30 June 2015 Modalities agreed (on the Website) including a plan for workshops and other outreach activities to Member States, international organisations and civil society;
- In June 2016 conduct a formal open review meeting of the Committee
 with Member States (in New York) as well as meetings with international
 organisations and civil society;
- **By 1 September 2016** the first draft of the report on the Review is ready for consideration by the Committee;
- By 31 October 2016 the report on the Review is ready for submission to the Security Council.



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UN Home | 1540 Committee | U... ×





1540 Committee

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National Implementation

Assistance

Cooperation

Transparency & Outreach

UN Home

Main Page

Resolutions & Presidential + Statements

About 1540 Committee

Committee Reports, Briefings, and other Submissions to the UN Security Council

Comprehensive Review

Experience Shared, Lessons Learned and Effective Practices

FAQ

1540 in the Media

Probaculation to 4E40

Other Related Documents

Useful Links

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CENTRAL SHAW

The Chair of the 1540 Committee, Ambassador Román Oyarzun Marchesi (centre) speaking at an event in the margins of the 2015 NPT Review Conference on "Challenges for Non-Proliferation Regimes: The Role of the 1540 Committee and the Comprehensive Review of the Implementation of Resolution 1540 (2004)". He is flanked by Geoffrey Shaw (left), the IAEA Director-General's Representative to the UN, New York, and Terence Taylor (right), Coordinator of the 1540 Group of Experts.

United Nations Security Council Resolution 1540 (2004)

On 28 April 2004, the United Nations Security Council unanimously adopted Resolution 1540 (2004) under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter which affirms that the proliferation of nuclear, chemical and biological weapons and their means of delivery constitutes a threat to international peace and security. The resolution obliges States, *inter alia*, to refrain from supporting by any means non-State actors from developing, acquiring, manufacturing, possessing, transporting, transferring or using nuclear, chemical or biological weapons and their delivery systems.

Resolution 1540 (2004) imposes binding obligations on all States to adopt legislation to prevent the proliferation of nuclear, chemical and biological weapons, and their means of delivery, and establish

1540 Search

SEARCH



Román Oyarzun Marchesi 1540 Committee Chair Ambassador and Permanent Representative of Spain to the United Nations



Secretary-General's message (on the Tenth Anniversary of the Adoption of Security Council resolution 1540 (2004) New York, 28 April 2014)

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CONTACT DETAILS

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1540 Committee Website: www.un.org/sc/1540

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THANK YOU